BOREL EQUIVALENCE RELATIONS GIVEN BY F_{σ} *P*-IDEALS AND LAVER FORCING

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Let \mathcal{I} be an F_{σ} *P*-ideal on ω . It induces an F_{σ} equivalence relation $E_{\mathcal{I}}$ on 2^{ω} defined as: $xE_{\mathcal{I}}y \equiv \{n : x(n) \neq y(n)\} \in \mathcal{I}$. By E_{ℓ_p} we denote the equivalence relation on \mathbb{R}^{ω} defined as: $xE_{\ell_p}y \equiv x-y \in \ell_p$, for $p \in [1, \infty]$.

The main result is the following.

Theorem. Let T be a Laver tree, \mathcal{I} an F_{σ} P-ideal and E an equivalence relation on [T] Borel reducible to $E_{\mathcal{I}}$. Then there exists a Laver subtree $S \subseteq T$ such that either $E \upharpoonright [S] = id([S])$ or $E \upharpoonright [S] = [S] \times [S]$.

In particular, if E on [T] is Borel reducible to E_2 or E_{ℓ_p} , for $p \in [1, \infty)$, then there is a Laver subtree $S \subseteq T$ such that either $E \upharpoonright [S] = \operatorname{id}([S])$ or $E \upharpoonright [S] = [S] \times [S]$.

On the other hand, J. Zapletal found an F_{σ} relation E on ω^{ω} which is bireducible with $E_{\ell_{\infty}}$ and such that for every Laver tree $T \in [T]$ is bireducible with E.

References

 V. Kanovei, M. Sabok, J. Zapletal, Canonical Ramsey Theory on Polish Spaces, Cambridge university press, to appear in 2013

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