

EXERCISES 6

① Let J be the (unital) C^* -subalgebra of $B(\ell^2(\mathbb{N}))$ generated by the unilateral shift s given by

$$\forall i \in \mathbb{N} : s e_i := e_{i+1},$$

where $\{e_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{N}}$ is an orthonormal basis of $\ell^2(\mathbb{N})$. Let J_q be the (unital) C^* -subalgebra of $B(\ell^2(\mathbb{N}))$ generated by the weighted unilateral shift x given by

$$\forall i \in \mathbb{N} : x e_i := \sqrt{1 - q^{i+1}} e_{i+1},$$

where $0 \leq q < 1$. Show that

$s^* s = 1$, $x^* x - q x x^* = 1 - q$, and prove that the C^* -algebras J and J_q are isomorphic.

② Let $C(T^2)$ be the universal C^* -algebra generated by unitaries U and V satisfying the commutation relation

$$UV = e^{2\pi i \theta} VU, \quad \theta \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q}.$$

Find a representation of this C^* -algebra on $\ell^2(\mathbb{Z})$.

③ The unitisation \tilde{A} of a C^* -algebra A is the vector space $A \oplus \mathbb{C}$ endowed with the $*$ -algebra structure given by the formulae

$$(a, \lambda)(b, \mu) := (ab + \lambda b + \tau a, \lambda \mu),$$

$$(a, \lambda)^* := (\bar{a}^*, \bar{\lambda}).$$

Prove that there exists a norm making \tilde{A} a C^* -algebra. Show that A is a C^* subalgebra of \tilde{A} . (Murphy theorem 2.1.6.) Check that every

$*$ -homomorphism $\varphi: A \rightarrow B$ extends uniquely to a unital $*$ -homomorphism

$$\tilde{\varphi}: \tilde{A} \rightarrow \tilde{B}.$$

- ④ Show that a *-homomorphism
 $\varphi: A \rightarrow B$ between C^* -algebras is
necessarily preserving or decreasing
the norm. (Murphy Theorem 2.1.7.)
- ⑤ Prove that a non-zero algebra
homomorphism from any C^* -algebra
 A to C is automatically *-preserving.
(Murphy Theorem 2.1.8.)
- ⑥ Prove that any closed ideal I in
any C^* -algebra are selfadjoint, i.e.
 $x \in I \Rightarrow x^* \in I$. (Murphy Theorem 3.1.3)
- ⑦ Let I be a closed ideal for a
 C^* -algebra A . Prove that the
formula $\|[\alpha]\| := \inf_{j \in I} \|\alpha + j\|$
defines a norm on A/I making
it a C^* -algebra. (Murphy Theorem 3.1.4.)
- ⑧ Prove that an injective *-homomorphism
between C^* -algebras is necessarily
isometric. (Murphy Theorem 3.1.5.)

⑨ Let $\varphi : A \rightarrow B$ be a $*$ -homomorphism between C^* -algebras. Prove that $\varphi(A)$ is closed in B . (Murphy Theorem 3.1.6.)

⑩ Let I and J be closed ideals in A .
Prove that: (Murphy Theorem 3.1.?)

Ⓐ $I+J$ is a closed ideal,

Ⓑ $I \cap J = IJ$. (Murphy p. 82.)