

Given a measurable mapping  $T : \Omega \rightarrow GL(n)^+$  (matrices with positive determinant), can we find a diffeomorphism  $\Phi$  such that  $D\Phi = T$  away from a set of measure  $\varepsilon$ ? It is well known that if an orientation preserving homeomorphism  $\Phi$  is differentiable at  $x$ , then  $\det D\Phi \geq 0$ . What about approximately differentiable homeomorphisms? Can we find an orientation preserving homeomorphism  $\Phi$  that is approximately differentiable a.e., but  $\det D\Phi < 0$  a.e.? If the answer is yes, given a measurable mapping  $T : \Omega \rightarrow GL(n)$  (determinant positive or negative), can we find an orientation preserving homeomorphism  $\Phi$  that is approximately differentiable a.e. such that  $D\Phi = T$  a.e.? Assume that a diffeomorphism (bi-Lipschitz map, homeomorphism)  $\Phi : B^n(0, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  onto the image can be extended to a diffeomorphism (bi-Lipschitz map, homeomorphism) of a neighborhood of the closed ball. Can it be extended to a diffeomorphism (bi-Lipschitz map, homeomorphism) of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ ? No spoilers in this abstract—if you want to know the answers, come to the talk! Based on joint work with Zofia Grochulska and Paweł Goldstein.

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