

# DIMENSION DROP PHENOMENA AND COMPACT SUPPORTS IN NONCOMMUTATIVE TOPOLOGY

PIOTR KOSZMIDER

**Abstract:** If  $X$  is locally compact Hausdorff space, a function  $f \in C_0(X)$  has compact support, if and only if there is a norm one  $g \in C_0(X)$  such that  $f = fg$ , which is abbreviated  $f \ll g$  ( $f$  is way below  $g$ ). Functions with compact support ordered by  $\ll$  form a net  $(e_\lambda)_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$  such that  $\|f - fe_\lambda\| \rightarrow 0$  for  $\lambda \in \Lambda$  and all  $f \in C_0(X)$ .

We address the question of the existence of such a net (called an almost idempotent approximate identity in Blackadar's textbook) for noncommutative  $C^*$ -algebras. It is well-known that they exist in all separable  $C^*$ -algebras. In the positive direction we prove that they also exist if the density of the algebra is  $\omega_1$ .

We produce first examples of  $C^*$ -algebras without such almost idempotent approximate identity (of density  $2^\kappa$  where  $\kappa = \min\{\lambda : 2^\lambda > 2^\omega\}$ ). It is a subalgebra of  $D^T$  where  $T$  is an appropriate tree and  $D$  is a subalgebra of continuous functions on  $\{1/n : n \in \mathbb{N}\} \cup \{0\}$  into  $2 \times 2$ -matrices with coordinatewise operations, where the dimension drop phenomenon may occur. Such algebras can be represented on  $\mathcal{B}(\ell_2(2^\omega))$  (the noncommutative version of  $\wp(2^\omega)$ ). If there is a Canadian tree (a tree with levels  $\leq \omega_1$  and height  $\omega_1$  and with more than  $\omega_1$  uncountable branches) they can be represented on  $\mathcal{B}(\ell_2(\omega_1))$ , and if there is a Canadian tree and an uncountable  $Q$ -set, they can be represented as an algebra of operators on the separable Hilbert space  $\ell_2(\mathbb{N})$ .

These are also first examples of scattered  $C^*$ -algebras (corresponding to scattered locally compact spaces) without directed family of finite-dimensional subalgebras whose union is dense.

No knowledge beyond multiplication of  $2 \times 2$ -matrices of noncommutative mathematics is needed to follow the talk, as all noncommutative  $C^*$ -algebras we consider in the talk are subalgebras of continuous functions on locally compact spaces into  $2 \times 2$ -matrices with coordinatewise operations.

These are results of a joint research project with Tristan Bice, the joint preprint should appear at matharxiv by the time of the conference.

INSTITUTE OF MATHEMATICS, POLISH ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, UL. ŚNIADECKICH 8, 00-656  
WARSZAWA, POLAND  
*E-mail address:* piotr.koszmider@impan.pl