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Added in proof

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Addendum and corrigendum to the paper
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by

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Improving on the results of the paper, it is possible to prove
THEOREM. All sufficiently large integers N are representable in the
form

$$N = \sum_{s=1}^{20} x_s^{s+1}$$

(x_s 's being non-negative integers).

The proof will appear in Portugaliae Math.

The following misprints are also noted:

- p. 129, in (30) $= f_2(\prod_{k=2}^{23} f_k)$ should be replaced by $= \prod_{k=2}^{23} f_k$,
- p. 136, in (53) K_3 should be replaced by K_4 ,
- p. 137, in Lemma 24 $N^{\mu'_5}$ should be replaced by $N^{\mu'_5/5}$

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