

Since $Y(t) \equiv v(t) \bmod P(t)$ and $(v, P)=1$ we obtain

$$Y(t) \equiv v(t) \bmod P(t)^n.$$

However by (1.1)

$$\max \{|Y|, |v|\} \leq p < n|P|$$

hence

$$Y(t) = v(t) \notin \mathbb{Z}[t].$$

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**Corrigendum to the paper “Periodic analogues of the Euler-Maclaurin and Poisson summation formulas with applications to number theory”,
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by

BRUCE C. BERNDT (Urbana, Ill.) and
LOWELL SCHOENFELD (Buffalo, N.Y.)

There is a misprint in the formulation of Proposition 9.1 on p. 55
The correct formulation is as follows:

PROPOSITION 9.1. *For $|y| < 2\pi/k$,*

$$(9.2) \quad \frac{y \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} a_n e^{ny}}{e^{ky} - 1} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{B_j(A)}{j!} y^j = e^{B(A)y},$$

where the last expression uses the umbral convention according to which after the formal expansion into power series, the expression $\{B(A)\}^j$ is to be replaced by $B_j(A)$.

Moreover on p. 29, line 3 replace $1 \leq m \leq r$ by $2 \leq m \leq r$
and on p. 30, line 10 replace P by P_j .

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