

**Erratum/Addendum to the paper  
“Some seminorms on quasi \*-algebras”**

(Studia Math. 158 (2003), 99–115)

by

CAMILLO TRAPANI (Palermo)

In the paper cited in the title the definition of *quasi \*-algebra* was given in the following terms:

Let  $\mathfrak{A}$  be a linear space and  $\mathfrak{A}_0$  a \*-algebra contained in  $\mathfrak{A}$ . We say that  $\mathfrak{A}$  is a quasi \*-algebra with distinguished \*-algebra  $\mathfrak{A}_0$  (or, simply, over  $\mathfrak{A}_0$ ) if:

- (i) the right and left multiplications of an element of  $\mathfrak{A}$  by an element of  $\mathfrak{A}_0$  are always defined and linear;
- (ii) an involution  $*$  (which extends the involution of  $\mathfrak{A}_0$ ) is defined in  $\mathfrak{A}$  with the property  $(AB)^* = B^*A^*$  whenever the multiplication is defined.

This is the original definition due to Lassner (see ref. [9] of the paper). In the paper, however, a stronger definition has been used, without mentioning this fact. Actually, item (i) of the above definition should be replaced with the following one:

- (i) the right and left multiplications of an element of  $\mathfrak{A}$  by an element of  $\mathfrak{A}_0$  are always defined and linear; moreover

$$A(BC) = (AB)C, \quad (AC)B = A(CB), \quad \forall A, B \in \mathfrak{A}_0, C \in \mathfrak{A}.$$

The above forms of the associative law imply that  $\mathfrak{A}$  is an  $\mathfrak{A}_0$ -bimodule, in accordance with the definition of quasi \*-algebra given by K. Schmüdgen in his book *Unbounded Operator Algebras and Representation Theory*, Birkhäuser, Basel, 1990.

Dipartimento di Matematica e Applicazioni  
Università di Palermo  
I-90123 Palermo, Italy  
E-mail: trapani@unipa.it

Received October 3, 2003

(4899a)

---

2000 *Mathematics Subject Classification*: Primary 46K05.